

# **Daily Practice Problems**

## NEET CHEMISTRY

### **Topic:** Isomerism

- Q.1 & show isomerism
  - (A) Chain (B) Position
  - (C) Functional (D) None of these
- Q.2 Which of the following does not show functional group isomerism
  - (A)  $C_2 H_6 O$  (B)  $C_3 H_8 O$
  - (C)  $C_4H_{10}$  (D)  $C_4H_{10}O$
- **Q.3** Ethylethanoate and  $\alpha$  methyl propionic acid are
  - (A) Chain isomers
  - (B) Functional isomers
  - (C) Geometrical isomers
  - (D) Optical isomers
- **Q.4**  $CH_3 CH_2 CHO \& CH_2 = CH CH_2OH are -$ 
  - (A) Functional (B) Tautomers
  - (C) Position (D) Metameres
- Q.5 Which of the following compounds will exhibit geometrical isomerism
  - (A) 1-Phenyl-2-butene
  - (B) 3-Phenyl-1-butene
  - (C) 2-Phenyl-1-butene
  - (D) 1,1-Diphenyl-1-propene
- **Q.6** The number of isomers possible for the compound with the structure
  - $CH_3CH = CH CH = CH CH_2CHOHCH_3$  is -
  - (A) 2 (B) 4 (C) 6 (D) 8

- Q.7 Which of the following will show geometrical isomerism (A)  $CH_3CH = CH_2$   $CH_3 Br$ (B)  $CH_3-C = C-CH_2CH_3$ (C)  $CH_3CH_2CH_2CH = CHCH_3$ 
  - (D)  $CH_2 = CH CH_2 CH_3$

Q.8 How many optically active forms are possible for a compound of rational formula -

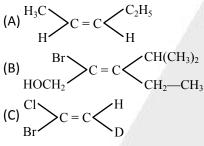
CH<sub>2</sub>OH. CHOH. CHOH. CHOH. CHO

(A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) 8

Q.9 Which of the following compounds can exist as geometrical isomers –

(A) 
$$CH_2CI_2$$
 (B)  $CH_2CI - CH_2CI$ 

- (C) CHBr = CHCl (D)  $CH_2Cl CH_2Br$
- Q.10 Which of the following has Z-configuration -



(D) All the above

**Q.11** The total number of structural isomers possible for hydrocarbon  $C_4H_8$  is –

(A) 3 (B) 4 (C) 5 (D) 6

Q.12 The number of isomers of nitro phenol is –

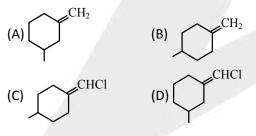
(A) No isomerism (only one compound is possible.)

- (B) Two isomers
- (C) Three isomers
- (D) Four isomers
- Q.13 In trans 1,2- dichloroethene -
  - (A) There are 6 sigma bonds
  - (B) The two H atoms are adjacent to each other
  - (C) There is free rotation about the C C bond
  - (D) All the atoms lie in the same plane

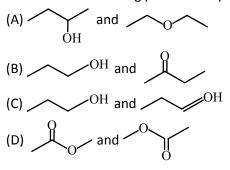
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- Q.14 Which of the following pairs of compounds are chain isomers -
  - (A) n-Propyl alcohol and isopropyl alcohol
  - (B) isobutyl alcohol and t-butyl alcohol
  - (C) s-Butyl alcohol and t-butyl alcohol
  - (D) n-Butyl alcohol and s-butyl alcohol
- Q.15 Which of the following pairs of compounds are position isomers -
  - (A) isobutyl alcohol and s-butyl alcohol
  - (B) isobutyl alcohol and t-butyl alcohol
  - (C) isopentyl alcohol and neopentyl alcohol
  - (D) ethyl alcohol and ethylene glycol
- Q.16 Which of the following paris of compounds are not isomers -
  - (A) Propyne and cyclopropene
  - (B) Propyne and propadiene
  - (C) Propene and cyclopropene
  - (D) 1-Propanol and methoxyethane
- Q.17 Which of the following is not an isomer of allyl alcohol -
  - (A) Acetone (B) 1-Propanol
  - (C) 2-Methyloxirane (D) Cyclopropanol
- Q.18 The total number of cyclic compounds (neglecting stereoisomers) with the molecular formula C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub> is -
  - (A) 4 (B) 5 (C) 6 (D) 7
- Q.19 Geometrical isomerism shows -



Q.20 Which of the following pairs of compounds are functional isomers -



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Q.21 Which of the following compounds does not have geometrical isomers -

(A) 2-Pentenoic acid (B) 2-Butenoic acid

(C) 3-Pentenoic acid (D) 3-Butenoic acid

Q.22 Among the following compounds, the one which does not show geometrical isomerism is -

(A)  $C_6H_5N = NC_6H_5$  (B) $C_6H_5CH = CHC_6H_5$ (C)  $C_6H_5-C=N-OH$  (D)  $C_6H_5-C=N-CH_3$  $| CH_3$   $C_6H_5$ 

Q.23 Which of the following compounds has no geometrical isomer -

(A) 1-Phenylpropene

(B) 1, 2-Diphenylethene

(C) 1, 2-Diphenylpropene

(D) 1,1-Diphenylpropene

Q.24 The number of geometrical isomers in the following compound,

 $CH_3 - CH = CH - CH = CH - C_2H_5$  is -

(A) 4 (B) 3 (C) 2 (D) 5

Q.25 The following compound can exhibit –

 $\begin{array}{c} CH_{3} \\ CH_{3} \\ CH_{3} \end{array} C = C \\ CH_{3} \\ CH_{3} \\ COOH \end{array}$ 

(A) Geometrical isomerism

- (B) Geometrical and optical isomerisms
- (C) Optical isomerism
- (D) Tautomerism
- **Q.26** Structural isomers possible for C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>Br<sub>2</sub> are -
  - (A) 9 (B) 8 (C) 7 (D) 6

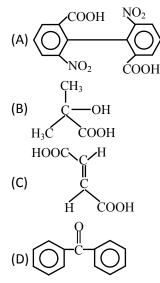
Q.27 False statement is –

- (A) Angle of rotation increases with increase in number of asymmetric carbon atoms
- (B) Cis isomer of a compound is more stable than trans form
- (C) Fumaric acid on heating produces fumaric anhydride
- (D) All of them

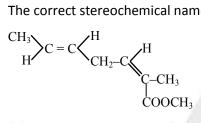
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Q.28 Which compound would exhibit optical isomers-

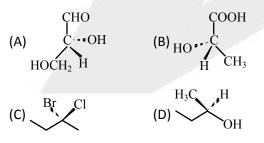


Q.29 The correct stereochemical name of -



- (A) Methyl 2-methylhepta (2E, 5E) dienoate
- (B) Methyl 2-methylhepta (2Z, 5Z) dienoate
- (C) Methyl 2-methylhepta (2E, 5Z) dienoate
- (D) Methyl 2-methylhepta (2Z, 5E) dienoate

Which of the following structures has the S-configuration at the chiral centre ? Q.30



Que.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ans.	С	с	В	А	A	D	С	D	с	D
Que.	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Ans.	с	С	D	С	В	С	В	В	D	A
Que.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Ans.	D	D	D	А	С	A	D	A	D	В

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