

MATHEMATICS

Topic: Monotonicity

- Q.1** When $x < 0$, function $f(x) = x^2$ is -
(A) decreasing
(B) increasing
(C) constant
(D) not monotonic
- Q.2** Function $f(x) = 2x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x + 29$ is decreasing when -
(A) $x < 2$ (B) $x > 2$
(C) $x > 3$ (D) $1 < x < 2$
- Q.3** In the interval $(0, 1)$, $f(x) = x^2 - x + 1$ is -
(A) monotonic (B) not monotonic
(C) decreasing (D) increasing
- Q.4** $f(x) = x + 1/x$, $x \neq 0$ is increasing when -
(A) $|x| < 1$ (B) $|x| > 1$
(C) $|x| < 2$ (D) $|x| > 2$
- Q.5** The function $f(x) = \frac{|x|}{x}$ ($x \neq 0$), $x > 0$ is -
(A) decreasing (B) increasing
(C) constant function (D) None of these

Q.6 When $x \in (0, 1)$, function $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ is

- (A) increasing
- (B) decreasing
- (C) neither increasing nor decreasing
- (D) constant

Q.7 Function $f(x) = 3x^4 + 7x^2 + 3$ is

- (A) monotonically increasing
- (B) monotonically decreasing
- (C) not monotonic
- (D) odd function

Q.8 For what values of x , the function $f(x) = x + \frac{4}{x^2}$ is monotonically decreasing

- (A) $x < 0$
- (B) $x > 2$
- (C) $x < 2$
- (D) $0 < x < 2$

Q.9 If $f(x) = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{2}{x}$ for $-7 \leq x \leq 7$, then $f(x)$ is increasing function of x in the interval

- (A) $[7, 0]$
- (B) $(2, 7]$
- (C) $[-2, 2]$
- (D) $[0, 7]$

Q.10 The function $y = \frac{x}{1+x^2}$ decreases in the interval

- (A) $(-\infty, \infty)$
- (B) $(-1, 1)$
- (C) $(0, \infty)$
- (D) $(-\infty, -1)$

Q.11 Function $f(x) = x^{100} + \sin x - 1$ is increasing in the interval

- (A) $(0, 1)$
- (B) $(-\pi/2, \pi/2)$
- (C) $(-1, 1)$
- (D) None of these

Q.12 Function $f(x) = \frac{x-2}{x+1}$, $x \neq -1$ is

- (A) increasing (B) decreasing
(C) not monotonic (D) None of these

Q.13 For all values of x , function

$f(x) = 2x^3 + 6x^2 + 7x - 19$ is -

- (A) Increasing (B) Decreasing
(C) Not monotonic (D) None of these

Q.14 Function $f(x) = x |x|$ is

- (A) monotonic increasing
(B) monotonic decreasing
(C) not monotonic
(D) None of these

Q.15 If f and g are two decreasing functions such that fg is defined then fg is

- (A) decreasing (B) increasing
(C) Can't say (D) None of these

Q.16 If f and g are two increasing function such that fg is defined then fg is ?

- (A) increasing
(B) decreasing
(C) neither increasing nor decreasing
(D) None of these

Q.17 In the following, monotonic increasing function is

- (A) $x + |x|$ (B) $x - |x|$
(C) $|x|$ (D) $x |x|$

- Q.18** If $f'(x) = g(x)(x - \lambda)^2$ where $g(\lambda) \neq 0$ and $g(x)$ is continuous at $x = \lambda$ then function $f(x)$ -
- (A) increasing near to λ if $g(\lambda) > 0$
 - (B) decreasing near to λ if $g(\lambda) > 0$
 - (C) increasing near to λ if $g(\lambda) < 0$
 - (D) increasing near to λ for every value of $g(\lambda)$
- Q.19** If $f(x) = 2x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x - 6$, then in which interval $f(x)$ is monotonically increasing
- (A) $(1, 2)$ (B) $(-\infty, 1)$
 - (C) $(2, \infty)$ (D) $(-\infty, 1)$ or $(2, \infty)$
- Q.20** For the function $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 - 36x + 7$ which of the following statement is false
- (A) $f(x)$ is decreasing, if $-2 < x < 6$
 - (B) $f(x)$ is increasing, if $-3 < x < 5$
 - (C) $f(x)$ is increasing, if $x < -2$
 - (D) $f(x)$ is increasing, if $x > 6$
- Q.21** If $f(x) = x^5 - 20x^3 + 240x$, then $f(x)$ is -
- (A) monotonic increasing everywhere
 - (B) monotonic decreasing only in $(0, \infty)$
 - (C) monotonic decreasing everywhere
 - (D) monotonic increasing only in $(-\infty, 0)$
- Q.22** Function $f(x) = x^2(x - 2)^2$ is
- (A) increasing in $(0, 1) \cup (2, \infty)$
 - (B) decreasing in $(0, 1) \cup (2, \infty)$
 - (C) decreasing function
 - (D) increasing function
- Q.23** For $0 \leq x \leq 1$, the function $f(x) = |x| + |x - 1|$ is
- (A) monotonically increasing
 - (B) monotonically decreasing
 - (C) constant function
 - (D) identity function

- Q.24** The function $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 6x - 17$
- (A) increases everywhere
 - (B) decreases everywhere
 - (C) increases for positive x and decreases for negative x
 - (D) increases for negative x and decreases for positive x

- Q.25** For every value of x of the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{5^x}$ is-
- (A) decreasing
 - (B) increasing
 - (C) neither increasing nor decreasing
 - (D) increasing for $x > 0$ and decreasing for $x < 0$

- Q.26** The function $f(x) = e^x, -1 \leq x < 0$ is -
- (A) decreasing
 - (B) increasing
 - (C) constant function
 - (D) neither increasing, nor decreasing

- Q.27** Function $f(x) = e^{-1/x} (x > 0)$ is -
- (A) increasing
 - (B) decreasing
 - (C) not monotonic
 - (D) None of these

- Q.28** Which of the following function is not monotonic -
- (A) $e^x - e^{-x}$
 - (B) $e^x + e^{-x}$
 - (C) $e^{-1/x}$
 - (D) None of these

- Q.29** In the following, decreasing function is -
- (A) $\ln x$
 - (B) $\frac{1}{|x|}$
 - (C) $e^{1/x}$
 - (D) None of these

Q.30 If $a < 0$ then function $(e^{ax} + e^{-ax})$ is monotonic decreasing when -

(A) $x < 0$ (B) $x > 0$

(C) $x > 1$ (D) $x < 1$

ANSWER KEY

Que.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ans.	A	D	B	B	C	B	C	D	B	D
Que.	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Ans.	A	A	A	A	B	A	D	A	D	B
Que.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Ans.	A	A	C	A	A	B	A	B	C	A

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